specifications as the Under Secretary may deem to be appropriate, including, but not limited to, specific applications of the technology, materials or processes required to be used in producing or using the technology, restrictions on transfer or licensing, and training and instructions required to be provided to persons involved in the deployment of the technology. Failure to specify a covered person or entity in a Designation will not preclude application of the Act's protections to that person or entity.

(g) Government procurements. The Under Secretary may coordinate a SAFETY Act review in connection with a Federal, state, or local government agency procurement of an antiterrorism technology in any manner he or she deems appropriate and consistent with the Act and other applicable laws.

(h) Pre-application consultations. To the extent that he or she deems it appropriate, the Under Secretary may consult with potential SAFETY Act applicants regarding the need for or advisability of particular types of antiterrorism technologies, although no pre-approval of any particular technology may be given. Such potential applicants may request such consultations through the Pre-Application process set forth in the SAFETY Act Application Kit. The confidentiality provisions in §25.8 shall be applicable to such consultations.

§25.4 Obligations of seller.

(a) Liability insurance required. The Seller shall obtain liability insurance of such types and in such amounts as shall be required in the applicable Designation, which shall be the amounts and types certified by the Under Secretary to satisfy otherwise compensable third-party claims arising out of, relating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism when qualified anti-terrorism technologies have been deployed in defense against, response to, or recovery from, such act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Under Secretary determines that insurance in appropriate amounts or of appropriate types is not available for a particular technology, the Under Secretary may authorize a Seller to self-insure and

prescribe the amount and terms of the Seller's liability in the applicable Designation, which amount and terms shall be such as will not unreasonably distort the sales price of the Seller's anti-terrorism technology. The Under Secretary may request at any time (before or after the insurance certification process established under this section) that the Seller or any other provider of qualified anti-terrorism technology submit any information that would:

(1) Assist in determining the amount of liability insurance required, or

(2) Show that the Seller or any other provider of qualified anti-terrorism technology otherwise has met all the requirements of this section.

(b) Maximum Amount. For the total claims related to one act of terrorism, in determining the required amounts and types of liability insurance that the Seller will be required to obtain, the Under Secretary shall not require the Seller to obtain liability insurance of more than the maximum amount of liability insurance reasonably available from private sources on the world market at prices and terms that will not unreasonably distort the sales price of the Seller's anti-terrorism technology. The Under Secretary will determine the amount of liability insurance required for each technology, or, to the extent feasible and appropriate, a particular group of technologies. The Under Secretary or his designee may find that-notwithstanding the level of risk exposure for a particular technology, or group of technologies-the maximum amount of liability insurance from private sources on the world market is set at a price or contingent on terms that will unreasonably distort the sales price of a Seller's technology, thereby necessitating liability insurance coverage below the maximum amount available. In determining the amount of liability insurance required, the Under Secretary may consider any factor, including, but not limited to, the following:

- (1) The particular technology at issue:
- (2) The amount of liability insurance the Seller maintained prior to application;
- (3) The amount of liability insurance maintained by the Seller for other

technologies or for the Seller's business as a whole:

- (4) The amount of liability insurance typically maintained by sellers of comparable technologies;
- (5) Information regarding the amount of liability insurance offered on the world market;
- (6) Data and history regarding mass casualty losses;
- (7) The intended use of the technology;
- (8) The possible effects of the cost of insurance on the price of the product, and the possible consequences thereof for development, production, or deployment of the technology; and
- (9) In the case of a Seller seeking approval to self-insure, the factors described in 48 CFR 28.308(d).
- (c) Scope of coverage. Liability insurance required to be obtained (or self-insurance required) pursuant to this section shall, in addition to the Seller, protect the following, to the extent of their potential liability for involvement in the manufacture, qualification, sale, use, or operation of qualified anti-terrorism technologies deployed in defense against, response to, or recovery from, an act of terrorism:
- (1) Contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, vendors and customers of the Seller.
- (2) Contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and vendors of the customer.
- (d) Third party claims. Any liability insurance required to be obtained (or self-insurance required) pursuant to this section shall provide coverage against third party claims arising out of, relating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism when the applicable qualified anti-terrorism technologies have been deployed in defense against, response to, or recovery from such act.
- (e) Reciprocal waiver of claims. The Seller shall enter into a reciprocal waiver of claims with its contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, vendors, and customers, and contractors and subcontractors of the customers, involved in the manufacture, sale, use, or operation of qualified anti-terrorism technologies, under which each party to the waiver agrees to be responsible for losses, including business interruption losses, that it sustains, or for losses sustained by its own employees result-

- ing from an activity resulting from an act of terrorism when qualified antiterrorism technologies have been deployed in defense against, response to, or recovery from such act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Seller has used diligent efforts in good faith to obtain all required reciprocal waivers, then obtaining such waivers shall not be a condition precedent or subsequent for, nor shall the failure to obtain one or more of such waivers adversely affect, the issuance, validity, effectiveness, duration, or applicability of a Designation or a Certification. Nothing in this paragraph (e) shall be interpreted to render the failure to obtain one or more of such waivers a condition precedent or subsequent for the issuance, validity, effectiveness, duration, or applicability of a Designation or a Certification.
- (f) Extent of liability. Liability for all claims against a Seller arising out of, relating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism when such Seller's qualified anti-terrorism technology has been deployed in defense against, response to, or recovery from such act in accordance with the applicable Designation and such claims result or may result in loss to the Seller, whether for compensatory or punitive damages or for contribution or indemnity, shall not be in an amount greater than the limits of liability insurance coverage required to be maintained by the Seller under this Section, or, in the case of a Seller authorized by the Under Secretary to self-insure pursuant to this Section, shall not be in an amount greater than the liability limit prescribed by the Under Secretary in the applicable Designation.
- (1) In addition, in any action brought under Section 863 of the Act for damages:
- (i) No punitive damages intended to punish or deter, exemplary damages, or other damages not intended to compensate a plaintiff for actual losses may be awarded, nor shall any party be liable for interest prior to the judgment.
- (ii) Noneconomic damages may be awarded against a defendant only in an amount directly proportional to the percentage of responsibility of such defendant for the harm to the plaintiff,

and no plaintiff may recover noneconomic damages unless the plaintiff suffered physical harm, and

- (iii) any recovery by a plaintiff shall be reduced by the amount of collateral source compensation, if any, that the plaintiff has received or is entitled to receive as a result of such acts of terrorism that result or may result in loss to the Seller.
- (2) Without prejudice to the authority of the Under Secretary to terminate a Designation pursuant to paragraph (h) of this Section, such liability limitations and reductions shall apply in perpetuity to all deployments of a qualified anti-terrorism technology that occur on or after the effective date of the Designation applicable to such technology in defense against, response to, or recovery from any act of terrorism, regardless of whether any liability insurance coverage required to be obtained by the Seller is actually maintained or not, provided that the sale of such technology was consummated by the Seller on or after the earliest date of sale of such technology specified in such Designation (which shall be determined by the Under Secretary in his or her discretion, and may be prior to, but shall not be later than, such effective date) and prior to the expiration or termination of such Designation.
- (g) Information to be submitted by the Seller. As part of any application for a Designation, the Seller shall provide a statement, executed by a duly authorized representative of the Seller, of all liability insurance coverage applicable to third-party claims arising out of, relating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism when the Seller's qualified anti-terrorism technology has been deployed in defense against, response to, or recovery from such act, including:
- (1) Names of insurance companies, policy numbers, and expiration dates;
- (2) A description of the types and nature of such insurance (including the extent to which the Seller is self-insured or intends to self-insure);
- (3) Dollar limits per occurrence and annually of such insurance, including any applicable sublimits;
- (4) Deductibles or self-insured retentions, if any, that are applicable;

(5) Any relevant exclusions from coverage under such policies;

- (6) The price for such insurance, if available, and the per-unit amount or percentage of such price directly related to liability coverage for the Sell-er's qualified anti-terrorism technology deployed in defense against, or response to, or recovery from an act of terror;
- (7) Where applicable, whether the liability insurance, in addition to the Seller. protects contractors, contractors, suppliers, vendors and customers of the Seller and contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, vendors and customers of the customer to the extent of their potential liability for involvement in the manufacture, qualification, sale, use or operation of Qualified Anti-terrorism Technologies deployed in defense against, response to, or recovery from an act of terrorism:
- (8) Any limitations on such liability insurance; and
- (9) In the case of a Seller seeking approval to self-insure, all of the information described in 48 CFR 28.308(a)(1) through (10).
- (h) Under Secretary's certification. For each qualified anti-terrorism technology, the Under Secretary shall certify the amount of insurance required under Section 864 of the Act. The Under Secretary shall include the certification under this section as a part of the applicable Designation. The certification may specify a period of time for which the certification will apply. The Seller of a qualified anti-terrorism technology may at any time petition the Under Secretary for a revision or termination of the certification under this section. The Under Secretary or his designee may at any time request information from the Seller regarding the insurance maintained by the Seller or the amount of insurance available to the Seller.
- (i) Seller's continuing obligations. Within 30 days after the Under Secretary's certification required by paragraph (h), and within 30 days after each subsequent anniversary of the issuance of a Designation, the Seller shall certify to the Under Secretary that the Seller has maintained the insurance required by such certification. The Under

Secretary may terminate a Designation if the Seller fails to provide the certification required by this paragraph or provides a false certification. The Under Secretary may also consider such failure to provide the certification or provision of a false certification when reviewing future applications from the same Seller. The Seller must also notify the Under Secretary of any changes in types or amounts of liability insurance coverage for any qualified anti-terrorism technology.

§ 25.5 Procedures for designation of qualified anti-terrorism technologies.

- (a) Application procedure. Any Seller seeking a designation shall submit information supporting such request to the Assistant Secretary for Plans, Programs, and Budget of the Department of Homeland Security Directorate of Science and Technology ("the Assistant Secretary"), or such other official of such Directorate as may be designated from time to time by the Under Secretary. The Under Secretary shall make application forms available at http://www.dhs.gov and by mail upon request sent to: Directorate of Science and Technology, SAFETY Act/room 4320, Department of Homeland Security, Washington, DC 20528.
- (b) *Initial notification*. Within 30 days after receipt of an Application for a Designation, the Assistant Secretary or his or her designee shall notify the applicant in writing that:
- (1) The Application is complete and will be reviewed, or
- (2) That the Application is incomplete, in which case the missing or incomplete parts will be specified.
- (c) Review process. The Assistant Secretary or his or her designee will review each complete Application and any included supporting materials. In performing this function, the Assistant Secretary or his or her designee may, but is not required to:
- (1) Request additional information from the Seller;
- (2) Meet with representatives of the Seller;
- (3) Consult with, and rely upon the expertise of, any other Federal or non-federal entity;

- (4) Perform studies or analyses of the technology or the insurance market for such technology; and
- (5) Seek information from insurers regarding the availability of insurance for such technology.
- (d) Recommendation of the Assistant Secretary. (1) Within 90 days after receipt of a complete Application for a Designation, the Assistant Secretary shall make one of the following recommendations to the Under Secretary regarding such Application:
- (i) That the Application be approved and a Designation be issued to the Seller:
- (ii) That the Seller be notified that the technology is potentially eligible for a Designation, but that additional specified information is needed before a decision may be reached; or
 - (iii) That the Application be denied.
- (2) If approval is recommended, the recommendation shall include a recommendation regarding the certification required by §25.4(h). The Assistant Secretary may extend the time period beyond 90 days upon notice to the Seller; the Assistant Secretary is not required to provide a reason or cause for such extension.
- (e) Action by the Under Secretary. Within 30 days after receiving a recommendation from the Assistant Secretary pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, the Under Secretary shall take one of the following actions:
- (1) Approve the Application and issue an appropriate Designation to the Seller, which shall include the certification required by §25.4(h);
- (2) Notify the Seller in writing that the technology is potentially eligible for a Designation, but that additional specified information is needed before a decision may be reached; or
- (3) Deny the Application, and notify the Seller in writing of such decision. The Under Secretary may extend the time period beyond 30 days upon notice to the Seller; the Under Secretary is not required to provide a reason or cause for such extension. The Under Secretary's decision shall be final and not subject to review, except at the discretion of the Under Secretary.
- (f) Term of Designation; renewal. A Designation shall be valid and effective